

EPR – The Unintended Consequences

2015 Conference on Canadian Stewardship RCA Waste Reduction Conference October 2, 2015

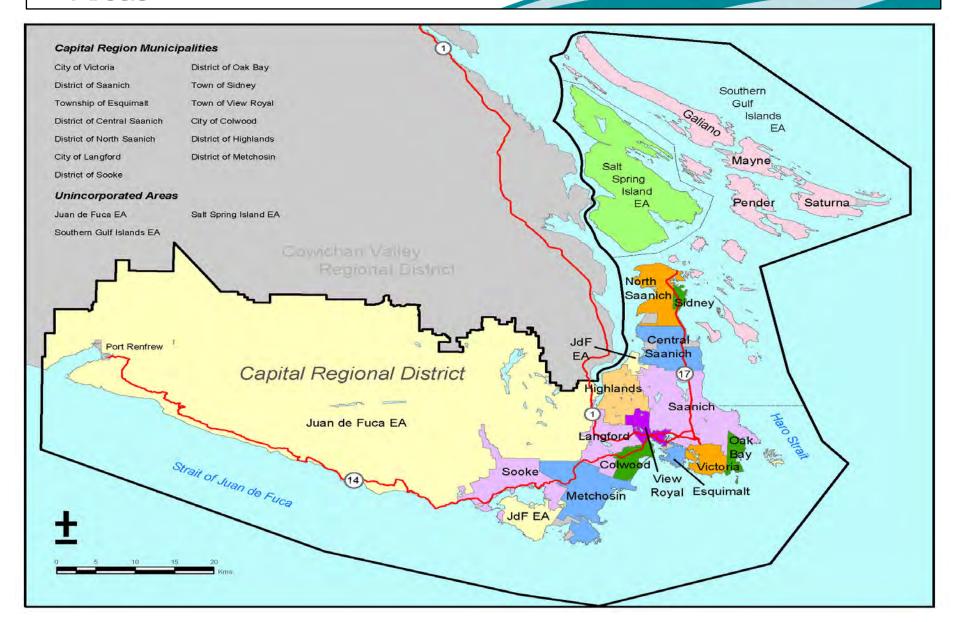
Capital Regional District





CRD – 13 Municipalities & 3 Electoral Areas





Regional Solid Waste System

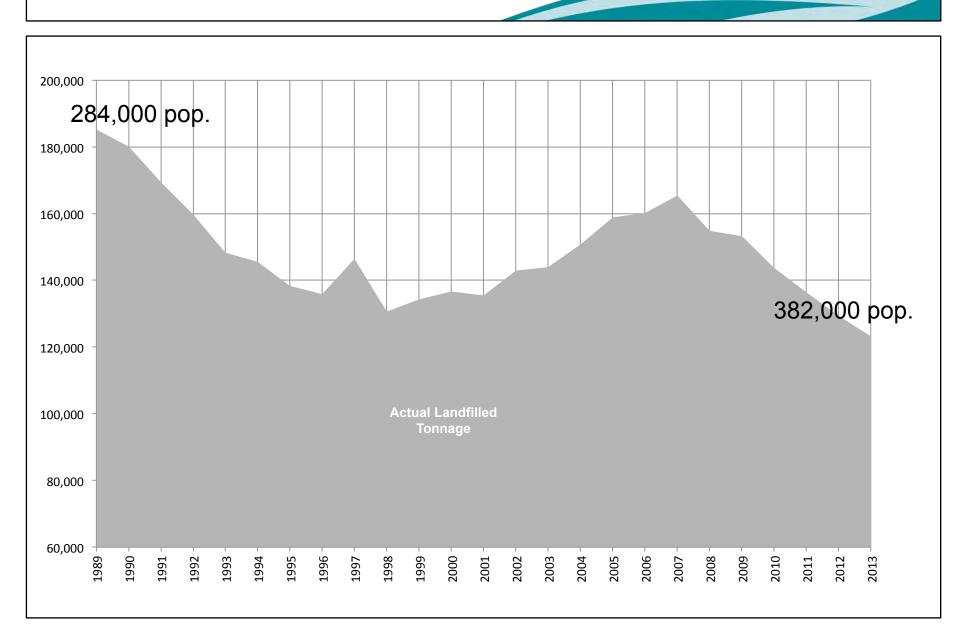


- Greater Victoria ~ 400,000 population
- CRD Regional Landfill
- CRD Blue Box and Depot System
- Municipal / Private Waste Collection
- Private Waste Diversion / Processing Facilities



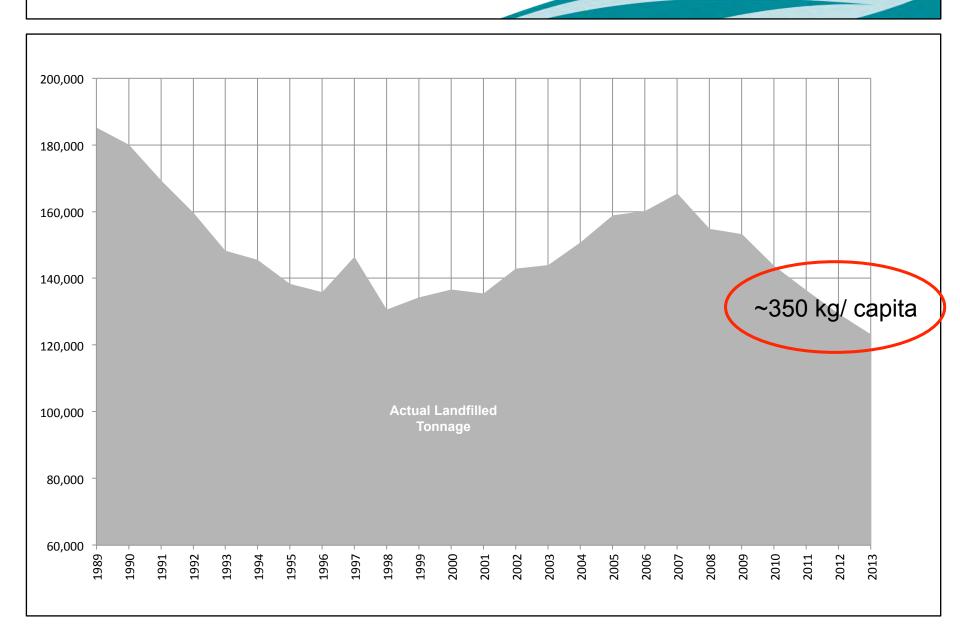
Solid Waste Disposal – Hartland Landfill





Solid Waste Disposal – Hartland Landfill





History of Solid Waste Tipping Fees

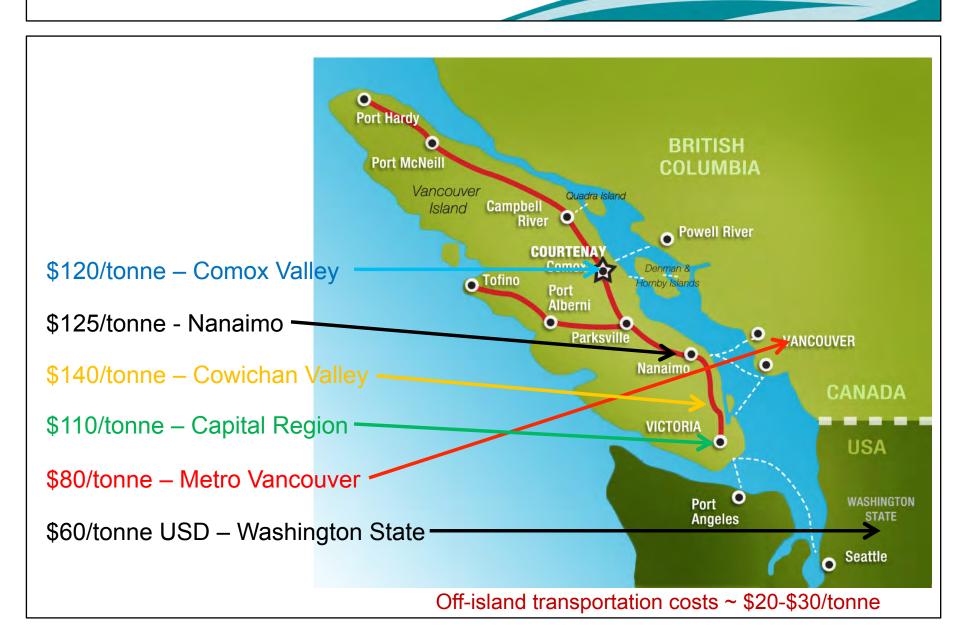


Date	Price per Tonne	Date	Price per Tonne
January 1985	\$8.50	January 1993	\$75.00
January 1986	\$9.50	January 2004	\$79.00
January 1987	\$10.50	January 2005	\$82.00
May 1988	\$13.00	January 2006	\$85.00
January 1989	\$16.00	January 2008	\$90.00
January 1990	\$22.00	January 2009	\$95.00
July 1990	\$30.00	January 2010	\$100.00
January 1991	\$45.00	January 2011	\$107.00
July 1991	\$55.00	January 2015	\$110.00
January 1992	\$70.00		

- Incentive to reduce solid waste at the landfill
- Funding for solid waste services
- Deferential tipping fees for various materials

Vancouver Island – Tipping Fees





Waste Diversion Strategies





- Education & communication programs
- Product stewardship programs
- Household Hazardous Waste
- Landfill material restrictions

- Community Clean-Up
- Landfill disposal charges
- Residential user pay garbage collection
- Recycling and composting programs

Landfill Restrictions



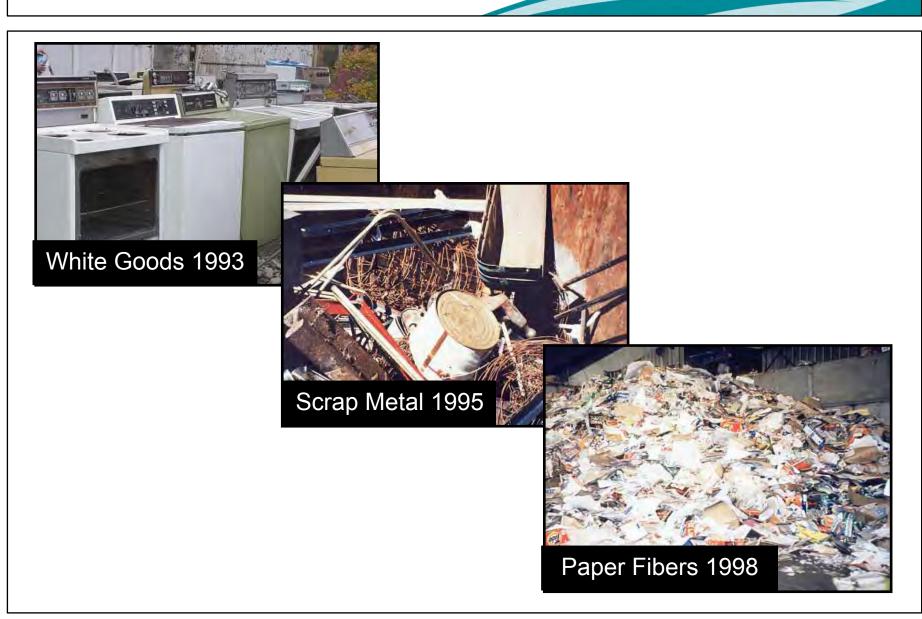






Landfill Restrictions





Landfill Restrictions





Yard & Garden Material 2006



Product Stewardship Programs

Provincial Regulation





Product stewardship programs in BC provide consumers with the opportunity to recycle or safely dispose of leftover, expired or end-of-life products. Materials currently under product stewardship in BC include:

- beverage containers
- paint
- solvents and flammable liquids
- gasoline and pesticides
- · pharmaceuticals

- tires
- automotive batteries
- used motor oil, motor oil containers and oil filters
- electronics including computers, televisions, printers, monitors





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Blue Box and Blue Bag Program



Program started in 1989

Over 113,000 homes on curbside program

90% participation

~100% funded by MMBC (since 2014)



CRD Composting Strategy







- Backyard composting (1992)
- Composting facilities bylaw (2005)
- Yard and garden waste ban (2006)
- Organics collection pilots (2007)

- General consultation (2010)
- Business consultation (2011)
- Landfill Ban on Kitchen Scraps (2015)

Waste Diversion Initiatives





Large Rigid Plastics 2006



Waste Diversion Initiatives





Electronics 2007

Clean Film Plastic

Film Plastics 2008

Waste Diversion Initiatives





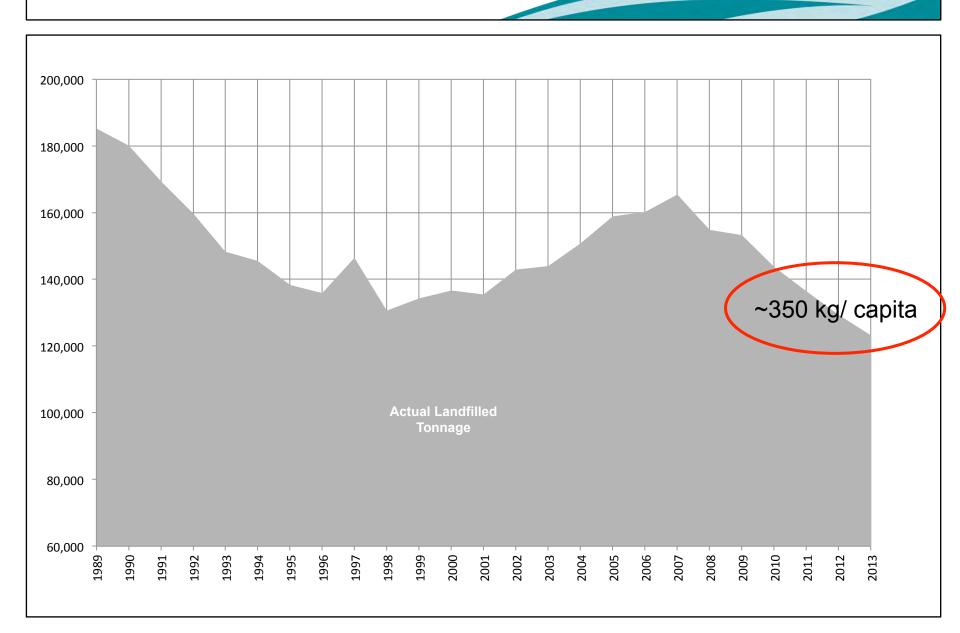
Fluorescent Tubes 2008

Mattresses 2008



Solid Waste Disposal – Hartland Landfill





Historical Business Model



CRD Solid Waste function (Diversion, Disposal, Resource Recovery) is self-funded

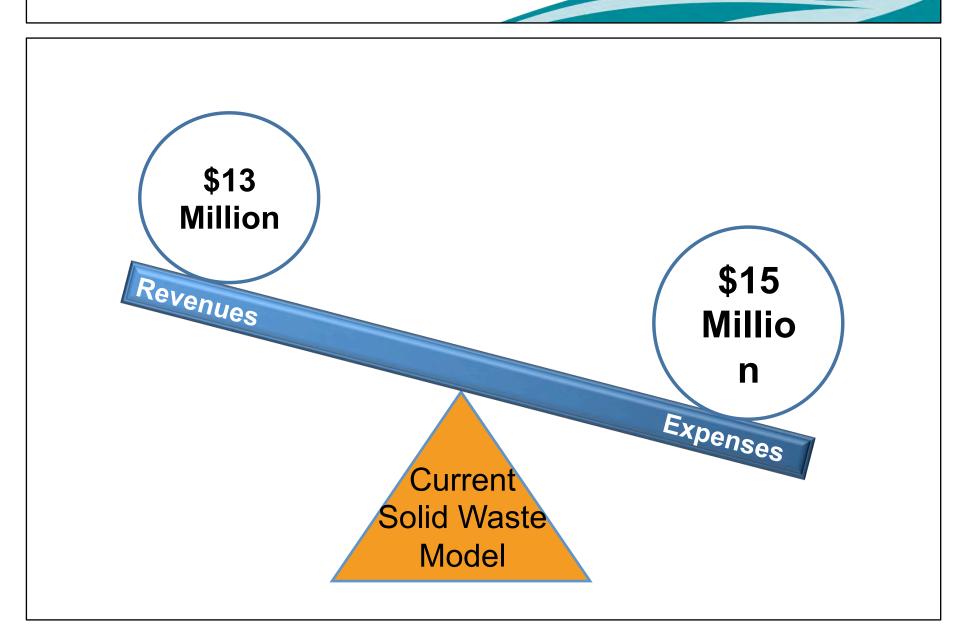


Primary Funding Sources:

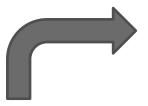
- Tipping fee Revenue
- Revenue from:
 - Stewardship programs
 - Resource recovery

CRD Solid Waste Business Model





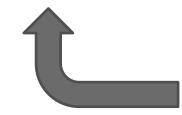




Decreases Landfill Revenue

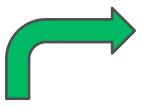


Decrease Disposal Volumes Increase Tipping
Fee to cover
Costs

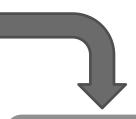








Decreases Landfill Revenue

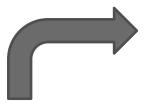


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Decreases Landfill Revenue

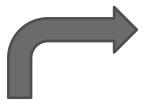


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Decreases Landfill Revenue

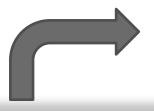


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Decreases Landfill Revenue



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Decreases Landfill Revenue



Decrease Disposal Volumes

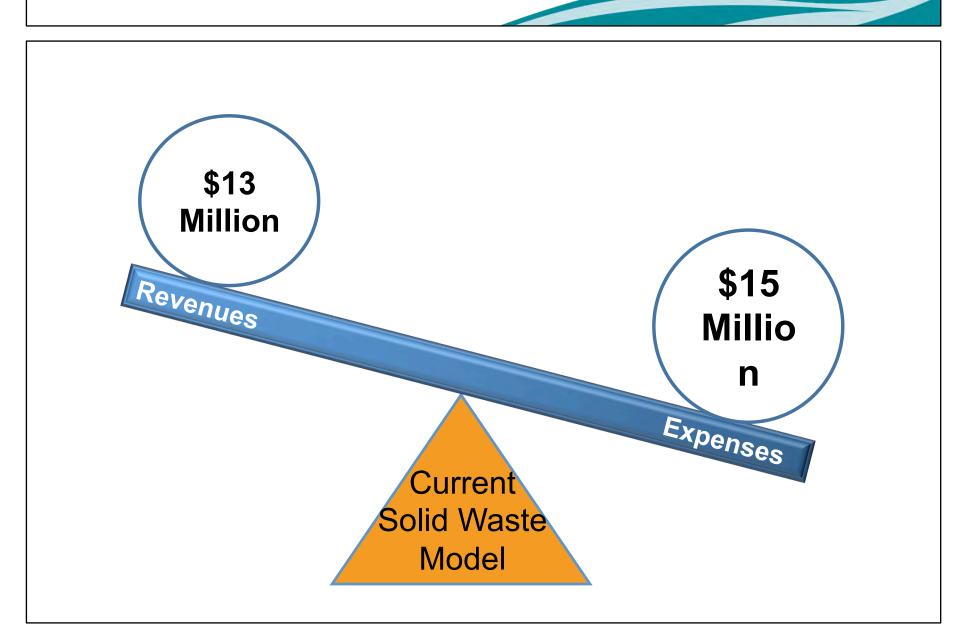
Increases
Waste Export
and Diversion

Increase Tipping
Fee to cover
Costs



CRD Business Model







DIVERSION

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RCA Waste Reduction Conference

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Financial Sustainability

CBD

Increase Revenue

- Tipping Fees waste leakage
- Flow Control regulatory challenges
- Resource Revenue (LFC, RDF...)
- Increase Disposal



Tax Requisition

Socialize Diversion / Disposal Costs



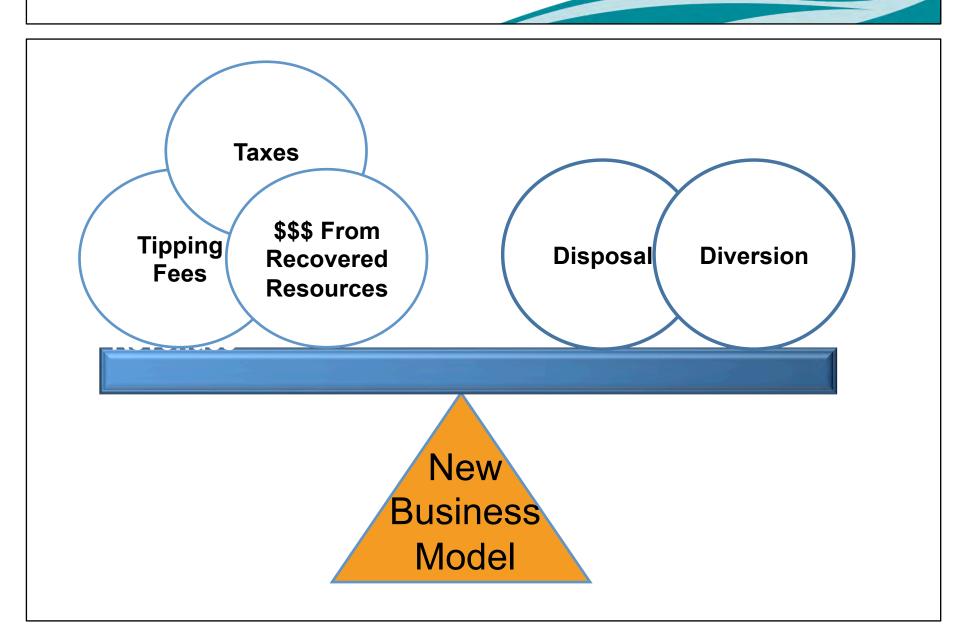
Reduce System Costs

- Program rationalization
- Service level adjustments



New Business Model





Unintended Consequences of Diversion



Revenue < Cost = Financially Unsustainable

Increase Landfill Revenue

- Increase Disposal
- Waste Import



Increase Tax Revenue

Socialize Diversion / Disposal Costs





Update CRD Solid Waste Management Plan

Set Disposal Target



Right Size the System to Achieve Target



Tax / Tipping Fee Impact



Update CRD Solid Waste Management Plan







Tax / Tipping Fee Impact



SWMP Consultation

Set Disposal Target



Right Size the System to Achieve Target

Tax / Tipping Fee Impact



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Tax / Tipping Fee Impact



SWMP Consultation

Set Disposal Target Right Size the System to Achieve Target

Tax / Tipping Fee Impact



Thank you.

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